PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

(11)Publication number:

07-060955

(43) Date of publication of application: 07.03.1995

(51)Int.Cl.

B41J 2/01

B41J 2/175

(21)Application number: **05-214031**

(71)Applicant: CANON INC

30.08.1993 (22) Date of filing:

(72)Inventor: ASAI AKIRA

(54) INK JET RECORDING HEAD AND INK JET RECORDER EQUIPPED WITH THE RECORDING HEAD

Π

$$i(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{1}{\theta \operatorname{rd}(\mathbf{r})}$$

(57) Abstract:

 $q(r) = 1(r)^2 \circ d(r)$

PURPOSE: To obtain a recording head having a novel heating element wherein heating distribution on a surface of a resistor is equalized and its recorder by a method wherein a heating resistor has a heating part of an approximately circularly annular or fan-like annular surface shape, and its thickness is varied inversely proportional to a distance in a radial direction from a central point of the surface shape.

 $\mathbf{q}(\mathbf{r}) = \frac{\mathbf{I}^2 \boldsymbol{\rho}}{\boldsymbol{\theta}^2 \mathbf{r}^2 \hat{\mathbf{r}} \mathbf{f}(\hat{\mathbf{r}})}$

CONSTITUTION: When voltage is impressed by making a current (I) flow radially along a radial direction of a heating resistor, a thickness d (r) of a heating part of the heating resistor is varied inversely proportional to a radial distance (r) from a center of a surface shape. Thereby, a current density i (r) at any point on the heating part at a radial distance (r) apart from the center comes to be as given by the formula (I). In the formula θ is an angle of a fan-like annulus (2π in

the case of a circular annulus). Relation between 'the resistivity (p) of the resistor and a heating value q (r) per unit time unit area is as given by the formula II. Therefore, the formula III is obtained.

LEGAL STATUS

[Date of request for examination] 30.06.1999 [Patent number] 3157964 [Date of registration] 09.02.2001